



CMMI v1.1 Overview

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Agenda

- •CMMI V1.0 What has been learned?
- •CMMI V1.1 What changes?
- •CMMI What is next?
- •Q&A





CMMI Design Goals and Benefits

Design Goals

- Integrate the source models, eliminate inconsistencies, reduce duplication
- Reduce the cost of implementing model-based process improvement
- Be sensitive to impact on legacy efforts

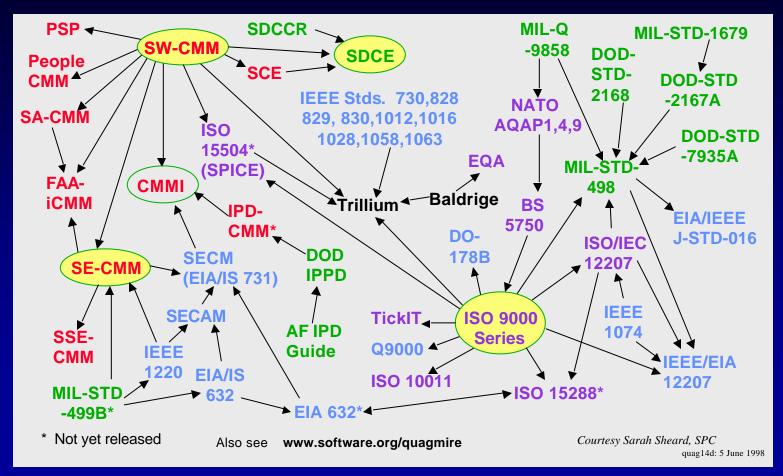
Benefits

- Efficient, effective assessment and improvement across multiple process disciplines
- Reduced training and assessment costs
- A common, integrated vision of improvement for all elements of an organization
- Integration of systems engineering and software environments for additional productivity & quality gains





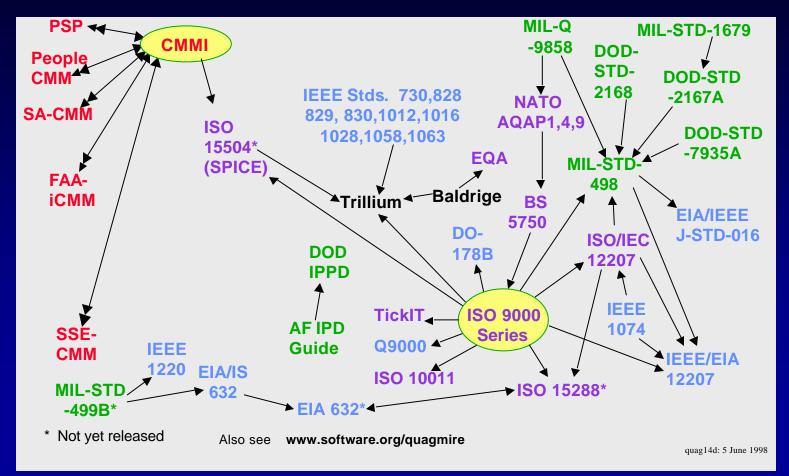
The Frameworks Quagmire (befor







The Frameworks Quagmire (now)







Discoveries in Use

Assessment time shows an excellent learning curve

40% reduction in assessment time over five Australian assessments

"Shadow assessments" show ease of transition

- High maturity CBA IPI at Litton PRC
- Multiple EIA/IS 731 Systems Engineering assessments

Mappings and gap analyses confirm evolutionary expansion from predecessor models

 Government and contractors agree on CMMI's improved engineering coverage in contract monitoring





Pilot Results

Six SCAMPIs accomplished against V1.02

- 6-12 assessment team members
- All explored continuous representation
- 2 government, 4 industry
- 2-4 Projects
- 15-21 Interviews

Total on-site hours ranged from 85-137 hours

- All went beyond SE/SW
- "Equivalent" hours: 77-120; median 92





Pilot Results: What worked well

Breadth first assessment of Generic Practices

Incremental/continuous consolidation

Effective strategy for initial and follow-up interviews

Prior preparation of interview questions





High Maturity Workshop CMMI Session Summary

- Level of impact and effort in a high maturity organization should be minimal due to natural extension from SW CMM to CMMI.
- CMMI can be especially beneficial to organization with less mature SE groups.
- CMMI provides commonality in process improvement across Software and Systems engineering disciplines. [Approval may be at Engineering VP.]
- Basically CMMI has broadened the base.
 Implementation has to do with size of the organization.





Value of CMMI

Better incorporates engineering principles that are critical to software intensive systems – and "systems of systems"

Integrated Appraisal Method (Ver. 1.1) will provide a single, consistent method for both internal assessments and external evaluations

Reduces cost of a SW and SE appraisal





CMMI Schedule

December 2000

- CMMI-SE/SW v1.02, CMMI-SE/SW/IPPD v1.02 (initial use versions)
- CMMI-SE/SW/IPPD/A v1.02d (draft for initial piloting)

January 2002

CMMI-SE/SW v1.1, CMMI-SE/SW/IPPD v1.1 (full use versions)

Spring 2002

- CMMI-SE/SW/IPPD/A v1.1 (full use version)
- V1.1 model and method training

December 2003 Complete sunset period

for SW-CMM, EIA/IS 731 (No more public courses, new

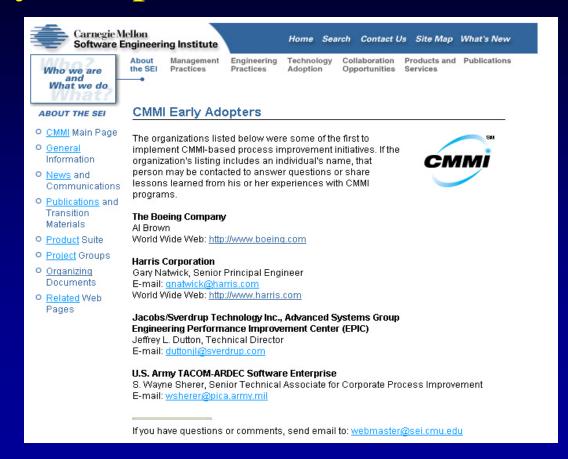
lead assessors)

December 2005 CMM Transition Partner Licenses end





Early Adopters







Current ROI Value to Programs

A report by Dod Data & Analysis Center for Software (DACS) found:

Application of SPI to "Example organization with example projects":

Development costs Reduced 73%

Rework costs Reduced 96%

Average schedule length Reduced 37%

Post-release defects Reduced 80%

Weighted risk likelihood Reduced 92%

Return on investment 21:1

⁻A Business Case for SPI Revised

⁻ Measuring ROI from Software Engineering and Management DACS, September 1999 see http://www.dacs.dtic.mil/techs/roispi2/





Improvements from Adopting SW-CMM

39%

Aercentage Improvement 35% 35% 35% 30 25 19% 19% 15 10 5 0

Savings vs. cost of software process improvement (median) 5:1

- Productivity (increase)
- Time to market (reduction)
- Post-release defect reports (reduction)

Annual Medians





Benefits of Continuing Process Improvement

SEI SW-CMM Level 5: For the Right Reasons*

Defects are now nearly all found and fixed before testing begins.

Defects escaping into the field have been reduced from 11% to practically 0%.

Programs consistently reach customer satisfaction and performance targets.

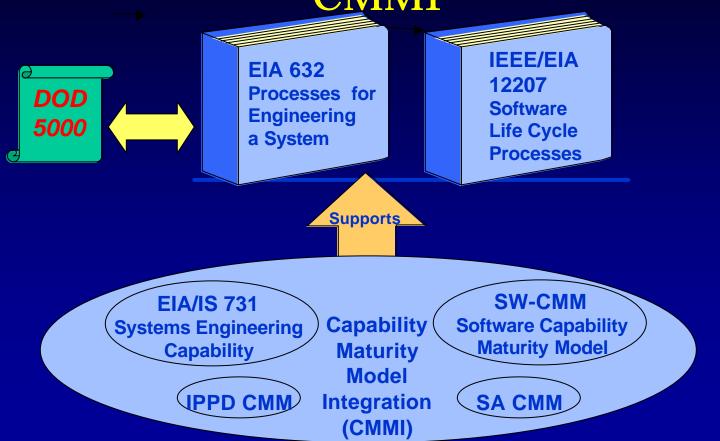
Peer reviews increase total project costs by 4%, but reduced rework during testing by 31%. R.O.I. is 7.75:1.

* Reference: Yamamura and Wigle, Boeing Space and Transportation Systems, *Crosstalk*, Aug, 1997.





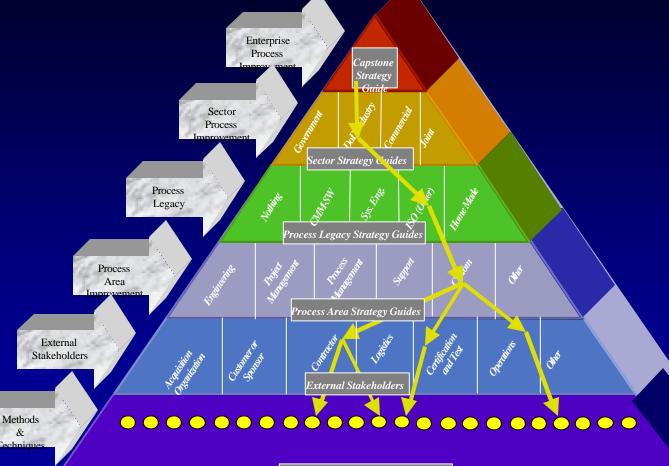
Systems Engineering Guidelines and CMMI







Tailoring Pyramid



Methods & Techniques Strategy Guides





V1.1 – What changes?

Model changes focused on consistency in terminology

Training changes match model changes, improve training clarity

Method changes more profound:

- External evaluations join internal assessments in method coverage
- Emphasis moves from "discovery" to "validation"
- Detailed coverage moves documentation from "description" to "definition"





Model changes – 1

Changes driven by:

- Change Request submitted from multiple sources
 - Public Review
 - Training course participants
 - CMMI Pilots
- Peer and CCB reviews

Changes focused on terminology, informative material

Architecture issues (representations, PA additions/deletions, advanced practices) were excluded from change





Model changes -- 2

Terminology rigorously reviewed and updated

- "Plan" versus "strategy"
- "Process" versus "process area"
- "Assessment" versus "appraisal"

Consistent use of "mischievous" terms

- "process capability"
- "life cycle"
- "senior management"

Equivalence between representations clarified

Attention to "architecture" and "design" practices increased





CMMI – What is next?

Emphasis through 2003 is on adoption/transition from legacy models

- Quarterly transition workshops will augment and compliment annual User Workshop
- "Communities of Practice" will be encouraged
 - Course instructors
 - CMMI Appraisers
 - Transition Implementation Teams

"Technical Notes" and "Special Reports" will compliment V1.1 Product Suite:

- Managing COTS integration
- Making attribute tradeoffs in design
- Mapping CMMI with other standards and models
- Adding prototypical coverage for specific interests (e.g., safety, security)





For More Information About CMMI

- Go to CMMI Website
 - http://www.sei.cmu.edu/cmmi
 - http://www.sei.cmu.edu/cmmi/products/ publicrelease.html
- Contact SEI Customer Relations

Customer Relations
Software Engineering Institute
Carnegie Mellon University
Pittsburgh, PA 15213-3890
FAX: (412) 268-5800
customer-relations@sei.cmu.edu





Internet Sources

http://www.sei.cmu.edu/cmmi/

http://seir.sei.cmu.edu/seir/

http://jo.sei.cmu.edu/pub/english.cgi/0/323123





Additional Information

Charts of potential use in CMMI process improvement efforts





CMMI Policy

The OSD CMMI Sponsors, at Steering Group recommendation and with Industry sponsor concurrence, have established the sunset schedule for the SW-CMM legacy model (SW-CMM v1.1) to be three years after formal release of CMMI-SE/SW/IPPD, which occurred in December 2000. The Electronic Industries Association G47, owners of EIA/IS-731, have also agreed to this sunset policy and schedule for that source document. The CMMI source model sunset will therefore occur in December, 2003.

In order to provide additional refinement and update based on the continuing CMMI pilot program while maintaining the overall stability of the Product Suite, CMMI v1.1 is planned for release later this year. The minor product suite update will include the provision for external evaluations using the CMMI models as well as assessments for internal process improvement.





One Model, Two Representations



Maturity Level 5
OID, CAR

Maturity Level 4 OPP, QPM

Maturity Level 3

REQD, TS, PI, VER, VAL, OPF, OPD, OT, IPM. RSKM. DAR

Maturity Level 2

REQM, PP, PMC, SAM, MA, PPQA, CM

Overview

Introduction

Structure of the Model

Model Terminology

Maturity Levels, Common Features, and Generic Practices

Understanding the Model

Using the Model

CMMI-SE/SW Staged

Support CM, PPQA, MA, CAR. DAR

Engineering REQM, REQD, TS, PI. VER. VAL

Project Management PP, PMC, SAM IPM, RSKM, QPM

Process Management OPF, OPD, OT, OPP, OID

Overview

Introduction

Structure of the Model

Model Terminology

Capability Levels and Generic Model Components

Understanding the Model

Using the Model

CMMI-SE/SW Continuous





DoD Policy

Revision to the "Gansler Memo" of Oct 99 under consideration

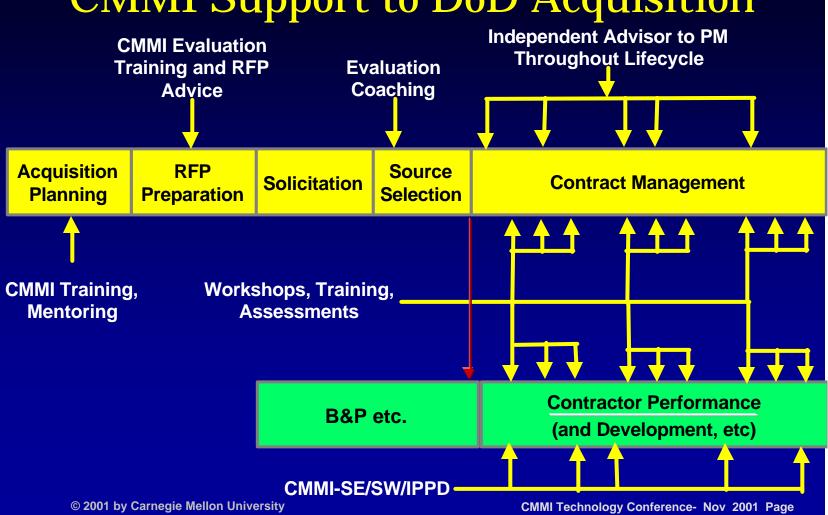
Intent to move from "software only" to "software and systems engineering" declared

Policy release by December planned





CMMI Support to DoD Acquisition







CMMI-SE/SW/IPPD/A - Continuous

CMMI

Process Management

- Organizational Process Focus
- Organizational Process
 Definition
- Organizational Training
- Organizational Process Performance
- Organizational Innovation and Deployment

Project Management

- Project Planning
- Project Monitoring and Control
- Supplier Agreement Mgmt.
- Integrated Project Mgmt.
- Risk Management
- Quantitative Project Mgmt.

Engineering

- Requirements Management
- Requirements Development
- Technical Solution
- Product Integration
- Verification
- Validation

Support

- Configuration Mgmt.
- Process and Product Quality Assurance
- Measurement & Analysis
- Decision Analysis and Resolution
- Causal Analysis and Resolution

IPPD

- Organizational Environment for Integration
- Integrated Team

Acquisition

- Supplier Selection and Monitoring
- Integrated Supplier Management
- Quantitative Supplier Managemen

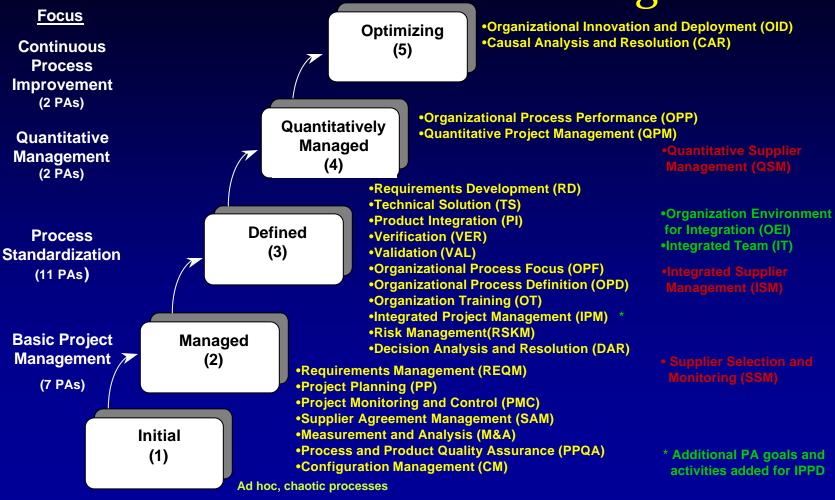
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CMMI-SE/SW/IPPD/A - Staged







CMMI aids organizations to ...

- ✓ Improve delivery of promised performance, cost, and schedule
- ✓ Collaborate with external stakeholders and manage their expectations
- ✓ Provide competitive world-class products and services
- ✓ Implement an integrated enterprise business and engineering perspective
- ✓ Master system-of-systems evolutionary development complexity
- ✓ Use common, integrated, and improving processes for systems and software





CMMI also aids organizations to

- **✓•**Implement proactive program management techniques
- ✓ Develop project leaders who look ahead and not over their shoulder
- ✓ Develop a staff who use best practices to cope with changing development, technology, and customer environments
- ✓ Enable staff to move between projects and still use the same processes
- ✓ Create and improve processes that adapt to a changing business environment





CMMI is....

a process improvement method that provides a set of best practices that address productivity, performance, costs, and stakeholder satisfaction.

It is NOT

- <a set of "bolt-on processes" that last only as long as the wheel is squeaking. CMMI provides a consistent, enduring framework that accommodates new initiatives.>
- - total software intensive system problem.>
- like single-discipline models that can result in confusion and higher costs. It also facilitates enterprise-wide process





Capability Level:		Generic Goals (GG):	Generic Practices (GP):		
5	(Optimizing)	Institutionalize an Optimizing Process.	Ensure continuous process improvement. Correct common cause of problems.		
4	(Quantitatively Managed)	Institutionalize a Quantitatively Managed Process.	Establish quality objectives. Stabilize subprocess performance.		
3	(Defined)	Institutionalize a Defined Process.	Establish a defined process. Collect improvement information.		
2	(Managed)	Institutionalize a Managed Process.	Establish org. policy. Plan the process. Provide resources. Assign responsibility. Train people. Perform managed process.	Manage configurations. Identify & involve relevant stakeholders. Monitor and control the process. Objectively verify adherence Review status with mgmt.	
1	(Performed)	Achieve Specific Goals.	Identify work scope. Perform base practices.		
0	(Incomplete)	(None)	(None)		





Model Metrics

Rel	ease
-----	------

SW-CMM V1.1 SW-CMM V2C EIA/IS 731 IPD-CMM V0.98 CMMI V1.0 SE/SW CMMI V1.02 SE/SW/IPPD

PAs/ <u>FAs</u>	Goals/ <u>Themes*</u>		Activities/ Practices**		
18	52		316		
19	61 62	199	318	1566	
19	77		383		
23	60		865		
22	70		417		
24	76		460		

^{*} Ratable components

^{**} Key to implementation effort





CMMI & SA-CMM Mapping

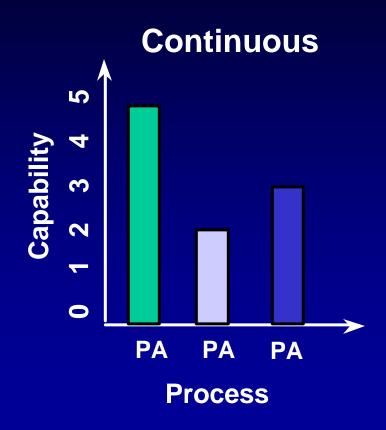
CMMI PA1 SA-CMM KPA² ML 5: Optimizing ML³ 5: Optimizing Acquisition Innovation Management Organizational Innovation and Deployment **Casual Analysis and Resolution** Continuous Process Improvement **ML 4: Quantitative Management ML 4: Quantitative Management** Quantitative Process Management Quantitative Project Management < Quantitative Acquisition Management Quantitative Supplier Management Organizational Process Performance ML 3: Defined ML 3: Defined Integrated Supplier Management Contract Performance Management **→** Project Performance Management Integrated Project Management Process Definition and Maintenance Organizational Process Definition Risk Management Acquisition Risk Management Organizational Training Training Program **Organizational Process Focus Decision Analysis and Resolution** ¹PA = Process Areas Technical Solution 2 KPA = Key Process Areas **Product Integration** Verification < ³ML = Maturity Level Validation < Requirements Development < **ML 2: Management** ML 2: Management Process and Product Quality Assurance **Evaluation** Requirements Management < **Requirements Dev. and Management** Project Planning -**Software Acquisition Planning** Project Monitoring and Control **Project Management Measurement and Analysis Contract Tracking and Oversight Configuration Management** Solicitation Supplier Selection and Monitoring **Transition to Support** © 2001 by Carnegie Mellon University CMMI Technology Conference- Nov 2001 Page





CMMI Model Representations









"Process Improvement Improvement" -1

The CMMI model builds upon the legacy:

- Expanded model scope
 - Risk Management
 - Verification and Validation
 - Requirements Development and Traceability
- Better coverage of quantitative engineering management





"Process Improvement Improvement" -2

The CMMI Product Suite provides a foundation for enterprise wide improvement and adds:

- New emphasis on products and services as well as process
- Emphasis on both process capability and organizational maturity
- Early emphasis on Measurement and Analysis

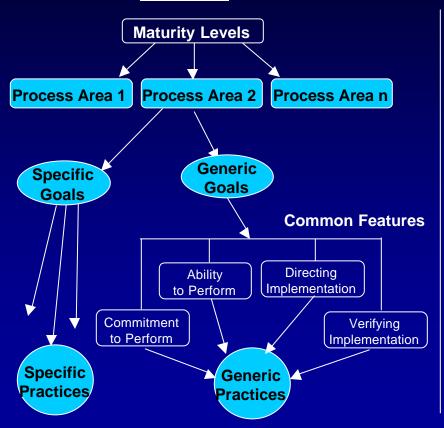




CMMI Model Structure

Staged

<u>Continuous</u>





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CMMI Process Area Contents

Purpose

Introductory Notes

Goals: Specific and Generic

Generic Practices

Specific Practices

Notes

Work Products

Subpractices

Amplifications

Elaborations

Required

Expected

Informative

CMMI PAs in PSP and TSP

Level	Focus	Process Areas (PA)	
5 Optimizing	Continuous process improvement	$\ddot{0}$ Organizational innovation and deployment $\ddot{0}$ Causal analysis and resolution	
4 Quantitatively Managed	Product and process quality	Ö Organizational process performanceÖ Quantitative project management	
3 Defined	Engineering process	Ö Requirements development Ö Technical solution Ö Product integration Ö Verification Ö Validation Ö Organizational process focus Ö Organizational process definition Organizational training Ö Integrated project management Ö Risk management Ö Integrated teaming Decision analysis and resolution Ö Organizational environment for integration	
2 Managed	Project management	 Ö Requirements management Ö Project planning Ö Project monitoring and control Supplier agreement management Ö Measurement and analysis Ö Process and product quality assurance Ö Configuration management 	





Assessment Class Attributes

Attributes	Class A	Class B	Class C
Usage Mode	BenchmarkBaselineestablishment	InitialIncrementalSelf-assessment	 Quick Look Incremental Gap analysis
Relative: • Cost/Duration • Confidence • Accuracy	High	Medium	Low
Rating?	Yes	No	No

Reference: Assessment Requirements for CMMI (ARC)





Standard CMMI Assessment Method for Process Improvement (SCAMPI)

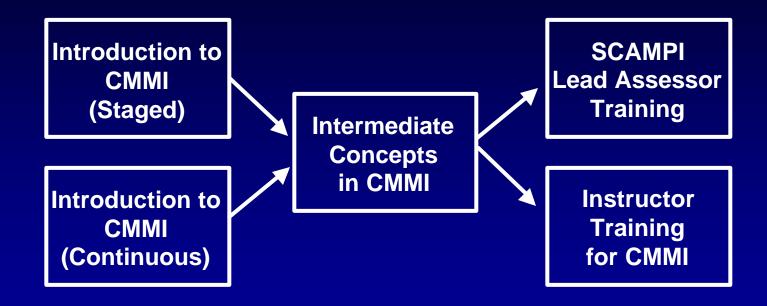
Based on CMM®-Based Appraisal for Internal Process Improvement (CBA IPI) and EIA IS 731 Appraisal Method Satisfies all of the ARC requirements for a Class A method Must be led by authorized SCAMPI Lead Assessor Tailorable to organization and model scope Artifacts:

- SCAMPI Method Description
- Appraisal questionnaire, work aids, templates





Training Opportunities







SW-CMM Benefit Data

Boeing

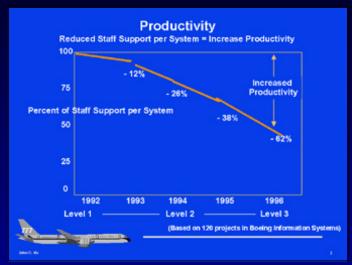
Lockheed Martin

Motorola



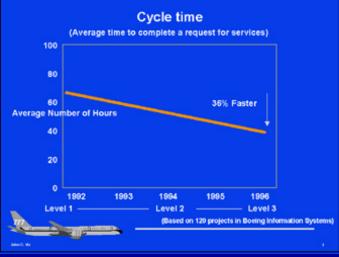


Benefits at Boeing -1



Projects operating at Maturity Level 3 increased productivity by 62%...





Reference: Scott Griffin, Chief Information Officer, The Boeing Company, SEPG Conference, 2000.





Benefits at Boeing -2



... and employee satisfaction increased with rising maturity levels.

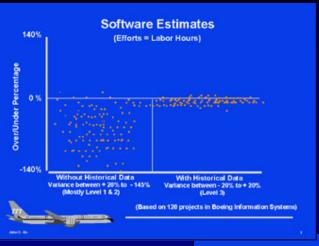
Both customer...



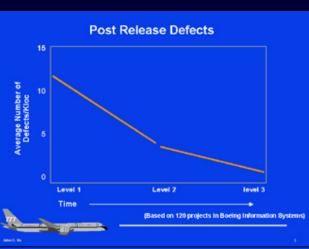




Benefits at Boeing -3



Planning was more accurate.



Defects could be detected much earlier.

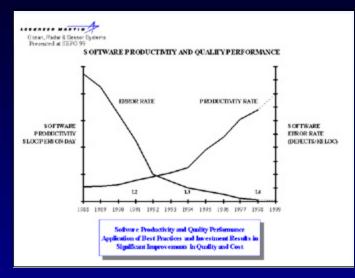


Product quality increased with rising maturity levels.



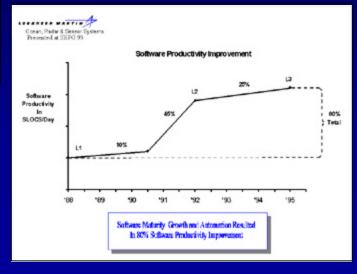


Benefits at Lockheed Martin



...productivity increased by 80%.

As errors declined...

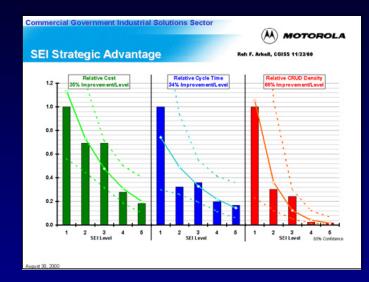


Reference: SEPG Conference, 1999.



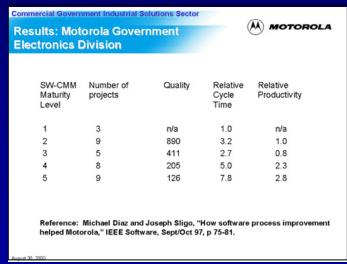


Benefits at Motorola



Quality, cycle time, and productivity improved dramatically.

Cost, cycle time, and defect density dropped sharply.







Anticipated Benefits at Northrop Grumman

- Extend Software Level 3 benefits to total project
 - Many projects have major non-software content
 - Therefore, the potential benefits are great
- Allow Integrated Product Teams (IPTs) to achieve their true potential
 - Integrated processes essential for effective team work

"IPT members are not functioning as a team if they play by different rules."





Reference: Freeman, Hinkey, and Martak, "Integrated Engineering Process," SEPG Conference, March 1999.





Anticipated Benefits of CMMI -1

Northrop Grumman:

- Projects need more than just software process improvement
- Integrated processes essential for effective teamwork
- Repeatable SE and SW processes
- Reduction of SW errors; predictable schedules; markedly lower costs





The CMMI Product Line Approach

